# **EJMAFLEX®**

4 01 Slavkov u Brna www.maflex.cz

## M 143, M 144

### Bi METALOVÝ ODVADĚČ

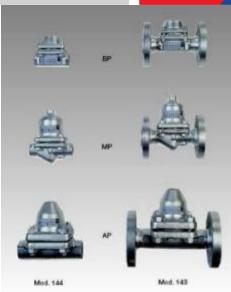
For the extraction of steam condensates. Applicable in: steam piping, heat exchangers,... the chemical and petrochemical industries,... etc. Specifications

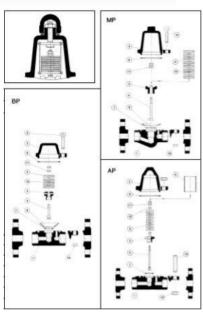
- Materials carefully selected for resistance to wear, extreme temperatures and corrosion.
- Simplicity of construction. A single moveable piece together with a bimetallic strip, highly resistant to corrosion to ensure minimum maintenance.
- Easy installation, can be mounted in any position, although we recommend horizontal mounting.
- Compact and robust. Reduced weight and size which facilitates storage.
- Internal design of the body is conceived to provide the capacities required in each case without over sizing.
- Great discharge capacity.
- The purger also acts as a deaerator and check valve. Precision opening and closing, avoiding loss of steam. Silent.
- Inseparable bimetallic strip, made from a single piece, with sides of different expansion mean a high degree of sensitivity of operation.
- Are unaffected by vibrations, water hammer, reheated steam, corrosive condensate, frosts, etc.
- Large surface area filter to protect closure areas.
- Sealing surfaces treated and balanced, making them extremely tightness, even exceeding DIN-3230 requeriments. Page 3.
- All steam traps undergo throrough testing.
- All components are numbered, registered and checked. If requested in advance, material, casting, test and efficiency certificates will be enclosed with the steam trap

#### **IMPORTANT**

Depending on demand:

- 1.— Other connections: Thread NPT ANSI-B2.1. BW or SW ANSI-B 16.11. ASA ANSI-150, 300 or 600 Lbs. flanges.
- 2.– Model BP and MP with external on-line adjustment mechanism.





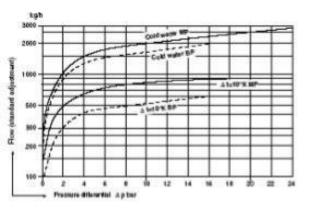
Nº	DIFOR	MATERIAL CARBON STEEL							
PIECE	PIECE								
1	Body	Carbon steel (DIN-1.0460 C22.8)(1)							
2	Cover	Carbon stee	I (DIN-1.0460 C2:	22.8)(1)					
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Seating	Stainless steel (DIN-1.4305) (AISI-303)							
4	Plug	Stainless steel (DIN-1.4112) (AISI-440 E							
5	Birnetall	RGR							
6	Joint	Graphite							
7	Joint	Copper							
8	Filter	Stainless steel (DIN-1.4301) (AISI-304)							
9	Screw	Carbon steel (DIN-1.1191 Ck-45)							
10	Nut	Carbon steel (DIN-1.1141 Ck-15)							
11	Nut	Stainless steel (DIN-1.4305) (AISI-303)							
12	Washer	Stainless steel (DIN-1.4305) (AISI-303)							
13	Stud	Carbon steel (DIN-1.1191 Ck-45)							
TYPE		BP	MP	AP					
		LOW PRESSURE	MEDIUM PRESSURE	HIGH PRESSURE					
	R	1/2" and 3/4"	1/2" and 3/4"	1/2" to 1"					
	DN	15 to 25	15 to 25 15 and 2						
	PN	40	40 100						
OPERATING CONDITIONS	MAX. PRESSURE IN ber	17 23 8							
	MAX. TEMP. IN °C	400 400 450							

#### ODVADĚČE KONDENZÁTU



Nádražní 1160, 684 01 Slavkov u Brna www.maflex.cz

TYPE	LOW PRESSURE BP				MEDIUM PRESSURE MP				HIGH PRESSURE AP						
R	1/2"	3/4"				1/2"	3/4"				1/2*	3/4"	500		-
CONNECTION	Whitworth gas-light cylindrical female thread ISO 228/1 1978 (DIN-259)														
DN			15	20	26			15	20	26				15	25
CONNECTION	Flange PN-40 DIN-2544/2545								Flunge PN-100 DIN-2547/2548						
н	56	SE	56	56	56	115	116	115	115	115	120	120	120	126	120
Hi	91	91	01	91	91	165	165	165	165	165	210	210	210	210	210
h	24,0	24,0				26,0	26,0			10	25,0	25,0	25,0		-
L <sub>1</sub>	-		150	160	160			150	150	190				290	230
Le .	90	90	2	E3	8	110	110				160	160	160		-
D	-		95	105	115			95	105	115				106	140
K	53		65	75	85		Sol	65	76	85				75	100
1			14	14	14			14	EZ3	16			-	14	18
ь	=		16	18	18		=	16						20	24
N°DRILLS			A	K	E4.				KI	N.				EC.Si	16.5
WEIGHT IN Kgs.	1,60	1,50	3.00	3,50	4,00	2,60	2,50	4.00	4,50	6,00	6,00	6.00	6,00	9,00	11,00
CODE 2108	143,8024	145 8344	144.8024	****	144.8104	143.90241	148,83841	144.80041	144.83441	144.81041	1000 071	140,0344	140 D104	144 0004	144.010k



#### **Operation**

The operating principle of the bimetallic steam trap is based on the combination in a column of double sided bimetallic discs made up of one single bimetallic strip, where each face has a different coefficient of expansion. The bimetallic strips are pile up in pairs, with the sides having the same coefficient of expansion (side without the marking) placed against each other. In the presence of cold water the bimetallic strips remain flat. As the temperature increases the discs change shape, becoming convex, and displacing the plug against the seating. The maximum convexity, which coincides with a fully tight shut off is obtained just at the point when the condensate turns to steam. It is important to remember that the distance between the plug and the seating when cold is that which determines the flow when in service.

